

## OBJECTIVES

The learner will be able to

- Apply the major subject heading option appropriately
- Select the desired publication type
- Choose desired citations by placing them in the folder
- Use the folder feature of EBSCO CINAHL in order to print, e-mail and save to file.

## SCENARIO

I have clinicals tomorrow. I just found out that the patient I'm following is recovering from a heart attack. I have not cared for a heart attack patient before. Help! I need a review of current information about the nursing care of patients that are recovering from heart attacks.

## SEARCH PROCESS

**STEP 1:** First take your information need and create a search statement about it.

I need current review articles about the nursing care of heart attack patients.

**STEP 2:** Identify the important concepts in your search

The main concept is heart attack.

**STEP 3:** Start by looking for a CINAHL Heading for heart attack.



From the "Advanced Search" screen, select "CINAHL Headings". In the "Browse for" box, type "heart attack".

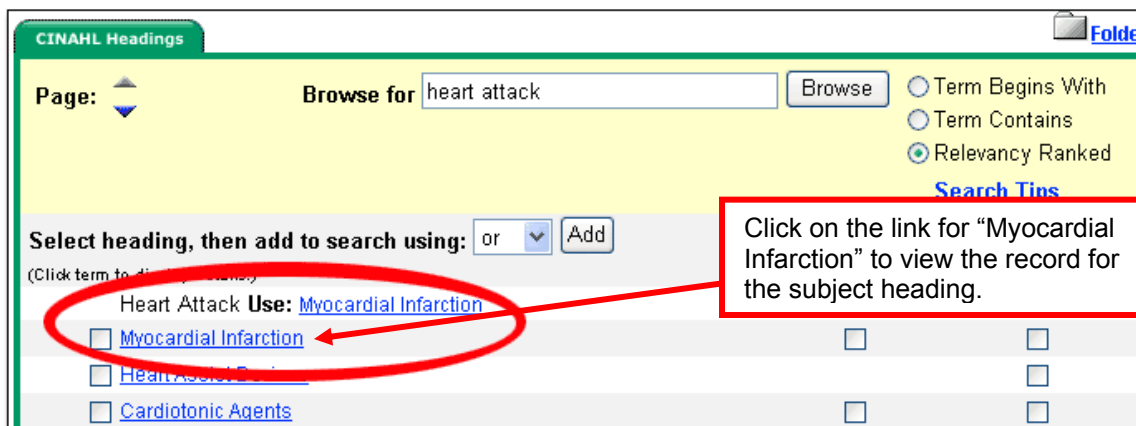
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Q: Why use "CINAHL Headings"?

A: Using “CINAHL Headings” or subject headings instead of keywords or text words insures that the citations found will actually be about the concept and not only have the words somewhere in the citation and abstract.

- The use of keywords will locate items that contain those words somewhere within the title, abstract or another part of the item record.
- When you use keywords, you risk getting items that are not on target; aids is a good example—you get aids of daily living, hearing aids, and the disease, AIDS.
- You also may miss things because authors don’t use the same words. For example, one author may use the term “heart attack”, and another may use “MI”, and still another use “myocardial infarction”.
- Also, there are singular and plural versions of words (fall vs. falls) and spelling variations—like color vs. colour and foreign spellings or even misspellings.
- In most instances, it is best to use subject headings to avoid these pitfalls.

A list of terms related to heart disease appears. The first listing says, “Heart Attack” use Myocardial Infarction”.



CINAHL Headings

◀ Previous **Browse for** heart attack   Term Begins With  Term Contains  Relevancy Ranked

◀ Back to List **Search Tips**

**Myocardial Infarction** Select heading, then add to search using: or

**Tree Views**

- [Cardiovascular Diseases +](#)
- [Heart Diseases +](#)
- [Coronary Disease +](#)
- [Angina Pectoris +](#)
- [Coronary Thrombosis](#)
- [Coronary Vasospasm](#)
- Myocardial Infarction +**
- [Shock, Cardiogenic](#)
- [Myocardial Ischemia](#)

**On Search:**

- Explode
- Major Concept

**Qualify Subheadings:**

- Blood
- Chemically Induced
- Nursing
- Classification
- Complications
- Diet Therapy
- Diagnosis
- Drug Therapy

Put a check in the box in front of "Nursing" to select this subheading.

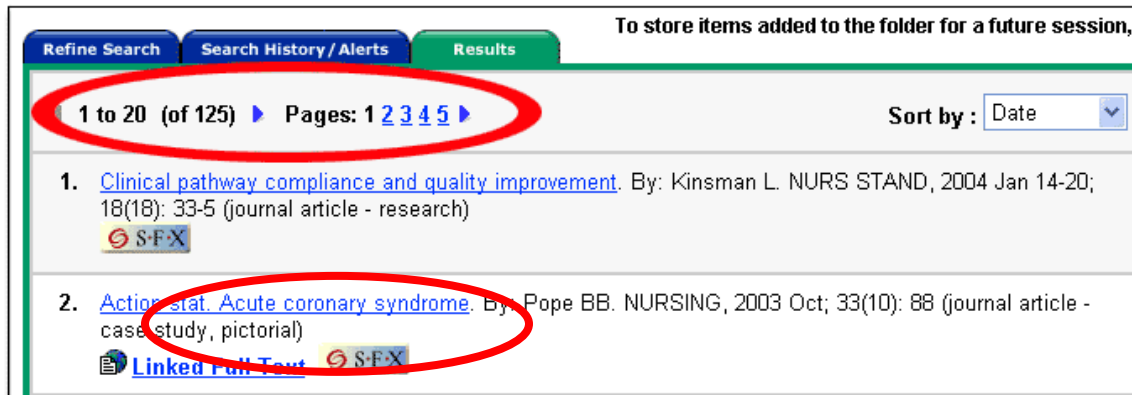
To select "Nursing" as a major concept in our search, put a check in the box in front of "Major Concept"

The subject heading record for Myocardial Infarction is below. This Subject Heading does not have scope information. In this instance, Myocardial Infarction is the subject heading for heart attack; it is the medical term for heart attack.

- Next check the "Qualify Subheadings" to see if there is a subheading that will allow you to focus the search on nursing care. With a broad topic such as "myocardial infarction", many articles will be retrieved. Focusing your search by using "Qualify Subheadings" can make the number of results manageable; you will have fewer citations to review. You want to choose the Qualify Subheading that is the closest to your search terms (nursing care).
- We want articles that have myocardial infarction as the major or important aspect of the article. To insure that the citations retrieved have myocardial infarctions as an important aspect, choose Major Concept. When Major Concept is chosen for a subject heading, the items located have been judged by the indexers as being one of the major aspects of the item. This choice is located in the section titled "On Search".



Below are the results of the search. There are over 100 citations, but we only need a few general articles. How can a few good general articles be quickly identified? The results can be limited to a review of the current literature.



Refine Search by publication type is a powerful feature of system.

- It allows the searcher to narrow results to a specific publication type quickly and easily.
- Some of the choices are: case studies, clinical trials, critical path, nursing practice acts and review.

Find: (MM "Myocardial Infarction/NU") Search Clear

[Search Tips](#) Folder is empty.

Refine Search Results

Limit your results: Limiters | [Expanders](#) Reset

Linked Full Text

Year of Publication Yr:  to Yr:

Journal/Magazine

Abstract Available

Author

A review article is a review of the current literature and is often, but not always, a general article.

- To identify only the Review articles in the set, click on the Refine Search tab.
- Next locate the Publication Type.

Find: (MM "Myocardial Infarction/NU") Search Clear

[Search Tips](#) Folder is empty.

Refine Search Results

Limit your results: Limiters | [Expanders](#) Reset

Linked Full Text

Year of Publication Yr:  to Yr:

Journal/Magazine

Abstract Available

Author

Journal Subset None Applied

Publication Type Review

Gender None Applied

Expand your search to: Limiters | [Expanders](#) Reset

Scroll down through the alphabetical list of Publication Types until "Review" is visible in the list. Then click on it. Then click on the Search button near the top of the page.



Find: (MM "Myocardial Infarction/NU")

[Search Tips](#)  [Fold](#)














✓ **Limiters set**

[Refine Search](#) [Results](#) **To store items added to the folder for a future session, [Sign In to My](#)**

◀ 1 to 10 (of 10) ▶ Pages: 1 Sort by:

1. [Continuing professional development: heart disorders. Myocardial infarction and older people.](#) By: Rawlings-Anderson K. NURS OLDER PEOPLE, 2003 Sep; 15(6): 29-30, 32-4, 36 (journal article - CEU, **review**, tables/charts)  
 [Linked Full Text](#) 

The final set has 10 articles. There are 3 that would be useful to review before clinicals.

4. <a href="#">Cardiovascular nursing update: caring for the AML patient... acute myocardial infarction... summary of recent trials.</a> By: McErlan ES. NURSING, 1999 Jul; 29(7): insert 1-15 (journal article - CEU, exam questions, pictorial, <b>review</b> , tables/charts) 	 <b>Added</b>
5. <a href="#">Family-centered care after acute myocardial infarction.</a> By: Fleury J. J CARDIOVASC NURS, 1999 Apr; 13(3): 73-82 (journal article - <b>review</b> )  <a href="#">Linked Full Text</a> 	 <b>Add</b>
6. <a href="#">Role of the nurse in thrombolytic therapy.</a> By: Albarran J. BR J NURS, 1994 Feb 10-23; 3(3): 104-9 (journal article - <b>review</b> , tables/charts) 	 <b>Added</b>
7. <a href="#">Psychological stress, denial and myocardial infarction.</a> By: ... 1991 Spring; 23(1): 51-5 (journal article - <b>review</b> ) 	 <b>Add</b>
8. <a href="#">Stresses experienced by spouses of patients with myocardial infarction.</a> By: Caplin MS. FOCUS CRIT CARE, 1988 Oct; 17(4): 374-80 (journal article - research, <b>review</b> ) 	 <b>Add</b>
9. <a href="#">Importance of nurse caring behaviors as perceived by patients after myocardial infarction.</a> By: Cronin SN. HEART LUNG, 1988 Jul; 17(4): 374-80 (journal article - research, <b>review</b> ) 	 <b>Added</b>

To select the items that you are interested in, click on the file folder icon to the right of the title. The citation will then be placed in a folder

Find: (MM "Myocardial Infarction/NU") Search Clear

[Search Tips](#)

✓ Limiters set

Refine Search Results

To store items added to the folder for a future session, [Sign In to My EBSCOhost](#)

◀ 1 to 10 (of 10) ▶ Pages: 1

Sort by: Date

1. [Continuing professional development: heart disorders. Myocardia](#)  
Rawlings-Anderson K. NURS OLDER PEOPLE, 2003 Sep; 15(6)  
review, tables/charts)  
[Linked Full Text](#) [SFX](#)

**Folder has items.**

To view the items that were placed in the folder, click on the Folder has Items icon located on the right side of the screen.

**Folder Contents**

◀ Back To store these items in the folder for a future session, [Sign In to My EBSCOhost](#). **Folder has items.**

Folder List

Result List Items (3)	Result List Items	
<a href="#">Persistent Links to Searches</a> (0)	◀ 1 to 3 (of 3) ▶ Pages: 1 <a href="#">Print</a> <a href="#">E-mail</a> <a href="#">Save to Disk</a> Remove All	
<a href="#">Saved Searches</a> (0)	1. <a href="#">Cardiovascular nursing update: caring for the AMI patient... acute myocardial infarction... summary of recent trials</a> . By: McElean ES. NURSING, 1999 Jul; 29 (7): insert 1-15 (journal article - CEU, exam questions, pictorial, review, tables/charts) <a href="#">SFX</a>	X
<a href="#">Search Alerts</a> (0)	2. <a href="#">Role of the nurse in thrombolytic therapy</a> . By: Albarran J. BR J NURS, 1994 Feb 10-23; 3(3): 104-9 (journal article - review, tables/charts) <a href="#">SFX</a>	X
<a href="#">Journal Alerts</a> (0)	3. <a href="#">Importance of nurse caring behaviors as perceived by patients after myocardial infarction</a> . By: Cronin SN. HEART LUNG, 1988 Jul; 17(4): 374-80 (journal article - research, review) <a href="#">SFX</a>	X

From the Folder it is possible to Print, Email or Save to Disk your selected citations.

- Print will allow you to print or view your results immediately.
- Email will send your results to an e-mail address.
- When you "Save to Disk" you create a file that you can print or modify later on your own computer.
- Also, Save to Disk files can be used with bibliographic management software

Search Search Databases  
C:Ohost Keyword Publications CINAHL Result List Items  
Pages: 1 Print E-mail Save to Disk

### Print Manager

Articles

Number of items to be printed: 3. To continue, click Print.

Remove these items from folder after printing

**Include when printing:**

Brief Citation

Brief Citation and Abstract

Detailed Citation and Abstract

HTML Full Text (when available)

*For information on printing PDF Full Text or Linked Full Text, see [online help](#).*

Print

1. To Print citations and full text (when available), click on the "Print" Icon.

2. Make your selections and click on the "Print" button.

After clicking the "Print" icon, the screen above appears.

### E-mail Manager

Articles Bibliographic Manager

Number of items to be e-mailed: 3. Print E-mail

**E-mail Address:**

*Separate each e-mail address with a semicolon.*

**Subject:**

Remove these items from folder after e-mailing

**Include when sending:**

Brief Citation

Brief Citation and Abstract

Detailed Citation and Abstract

HTML Full Text (when available)

PDF as separate attachment (when available)

*For information on e-mailing Linked Full Text, see [online help](#).*

Send

1. To E-mail item records and full text (when available), click on the "Email" Icon.

2. Make your selections. Enter the e-mail address to which you want to send the item record. Click on the "Send" button.

The screenshot shows the 'Save Manager' window with two tabs: 'Articles' (green) and 'Bibliographic Manager' (blue). The 'Save to Disk' button is circled in red. Below it, a 'Save' button is also circled in red. A red box on the right contains the text: '1. To save items and full text (when available), click on the "Save to Disk" icon.' Another red box below it contains: '2. Look at the options in the Save Manager, make your selections and click on the Save button.'

**Save Manager**

Articles Bibliographic Manager

Number of items to be saved: 3. To continue, click Save.

Remove these items from folder after saving

**Include when saving:**

- Brief Citation
- Brief Citation and Abstract
- Detailed Citation and Abstract
- HTML Full Text (when available)
- HTML link(s) to article(s)

*For information on saving PDF Full Text or Linked Full Text, see [online help](#).*

Save to Disk

Save

1. To save items and full text (when available), click on the "Save to Disk" icon.

2. Look at the options in the Save Manager, make your selections and click on the Save button.

The screen above appears. The selected items will appear in a format ready for saving. To save them, use the drop down menu from the file tab on the Internet browser, click on Save as and select the location and name for this file.

This option is especially useful if you are saving citations to bibliographic software such as EndNote, Reference Manager or ProCite.

The "Bibliographic Manager" tab (blue tab next to the green "Articles Tab" has been clicked (in above screen) will bring you to the screen below.

The screenshot shows the 'Save Manager' window with the 'Bibliographic Manager' tab selected and circled in red. The 'Save' button is also circled in red. A red box on the right contains the text: 'To save the citations to one of these programs, click on the tab labeled Bibliographic Manager.'

**Save Manager**

Articles Bibliographic Manager

Number of items to be saved: 3. To continue, click Save.

- Save citations in a format that can be uploaded to bibliographic management software.
- Direct Export to your bibliographic management software.
- Remove these items from folder after saving

Save

Help Back

To save the citations to one of these programs, click on the tab labeled Bibliographic Manager.

There are two main selections for saving within bibliographic software, direct export to bibliographic software or saving in a format that can be uploaded to the software. If the bibliographic software supports direct export this is the easiest method. If it does not support that you must save the items and upload to your software.